



Disclaimer

Certain statements in this presentation are based on the beliefs of our management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the management. Forward-looking statements (other than statements of historical fact) regarding our future results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, business strategy, plans and future objectives can generally be identified by terminology such as "targets", "believes", "expects", "aims", "intends", "plans", "seeks", "will", "may", "anticipates", "continues "or similar expressions.

A number of different factors may cause the actual performance to deviate significantly from the forward-looking statements in this presentation including but not limited to general economic developments, changes in temperature and precipitation, changes in market prices (e.g. oil, gas, power, coal, CO₂, currency), changes in the competitive environment, developments in the financial markets and changes in legislation or case law.

We urge you to read our annual report available on our website at www.dongenergy.com for a discussion of some of the factors that could affect our future performance and the industry in which we operate.

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialise or should any underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, our actual financial condition or results of operations could materially differ from that described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated or expected.





Agenda

- DONG Energy highlights
- Financials
- Outlook
- Appendix





Highlights first half-year 2011

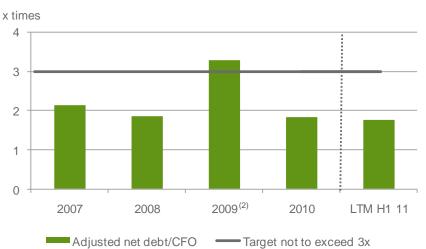
Highlights¹

- EBITDA of DKK 9.1bn (up 8% y/y)
- CFO of DKK 6.8bn (up 7% y/y)
- Net debt of DKK 23.6bn (up 7% vs. year end 2010)
- Adjusted net debt to CFO at 1.8x (1.8x at year end 2010)
- Net result of DKK 2.8bn (down 22% y/y)

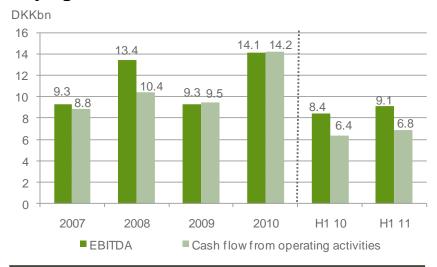
Unchanged outlook

EBITDA for 2011 expected to be in line with 2010

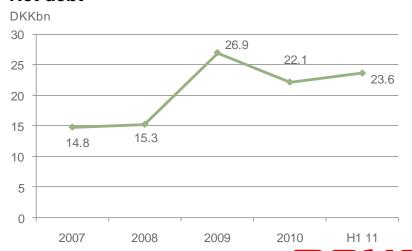
Capital structure



Key figures



Net debt



energy

^{(1):} Unless otherwise stated all financial figures refer to Business Performance result (2): In 2009, the target was around 3x

Q2 11 key events: Divestment of Oil Terminals

- Continued focus on core activities underlined by divestment of Oil Terminals
- Transaction expected to close later in 2011

Key terms of the divestment	
Buyer	Inter Pipeline Fund
Sales price	DKK 2.6bn
Multiple	10.1x EBITDA in 2010
Net gain before tax	DKK 2.4bn (not yet realised)

Key facts about Oil Terminals

- Owns and operates 4 oil terminals
- Terminals located in deep-water ports in DK
- EBITDA in 2010: DKK 261m





Q2 11 key events: Decision to construct West of Duddon Sands

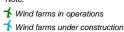
- Decision to construct West of Duddon Sands (WoDS) offshore wind farm in Q2 2011
- Strong strategic rationale
 - Builds upon DONG Energy's unique competences and know-how about conditions in the Irish Sea
 - Benefits from JV partnership with Iberdrola and supply relationship with Siemens
 - Industrialised installation optimised installation and cluster synergies with other wind farms
- Market Regulated approx. 45%

Total revenue split

Regulated income regime

Key facts about WoDS		
Location	Irish Sea, 13 km off the coast	
Capacity	389MW (DONG Energy's share 194.5 MW)	
Water depth	17-23 meters	
Turbines	108 Siemens 3.6MW turbines	
Ownership	50/50 partnership with Iberdrola	
Capex	DKK 14bn incl. offshore transmission assets (DONG Energy's share DKK 7bn)	
Commissioning	2014	





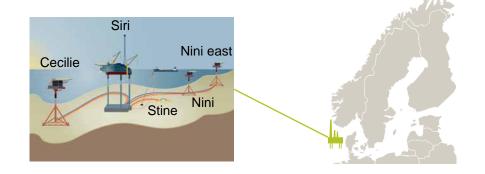


Key event after Q2 11: Acquiring full ownership of Siri field

- Agreement to acquire license partner Noreco's 50% share in the Siri field
- DONG Energy will be sole owner of the Siri field
- Repair costs of DKK 2bn will be evenly split between H2 11 and 2012
- Higher costs in 2011 only partially offset by increased share of production
- Noreco has the right to sell its share or a part of it to a third party before 30 August 2011, provided the buyer takes over all of Noreco's rights and obligations, including accepting DONG Energy's repair solution and meet its share's cost of the repair work

Key terms	
Acquisition price	DKK 70m (USD 13m)
Effective date	1 July 2011
Repair costs	Total approx. DKK 2bn (OPEX)
Approval	Agreement subject to customary regulatory approvals

Background	
Aug. 2009	Production stopped after a routine inspection revealed cracks in a subsea structure
Jan. 2010	Production resumed following temporary safeguarding measures
Jun. 2011	Announcement of permanent repair solution
Jul. 2011	DONG Energy agrees with Noreco to acquire Siri field

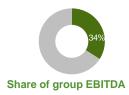


Key facts about the Siri field		
Location	Danish North Sea	
Production	1.8m boe in 2010	
Adjacent fields	Cecilie, Nini, Nini East, Stine	
Repair work	To be finalised in 2012	

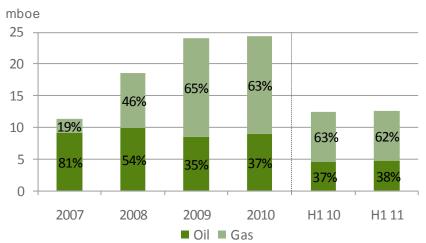


Exploration & Production

Higher oil and gas prices



Operational figures



Financial development

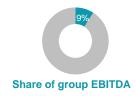


- EBITDA increased 29% to DKK 3.1bn
 - ✓ Positive effect from rising oil and gas prices
 - Negative impact from oil hedging (due to rising oil prices)
- Stable oil and gas production at 12.6m boe
- Gross investments of DKK 2.5bn (DKK 1.5bn) relating primarily to development of gas fields in Norway and West of Shetland

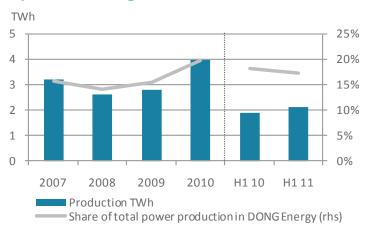


Renewables

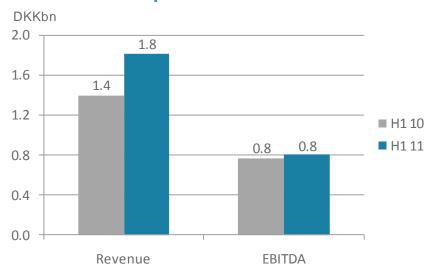
Contribution from new assets



Operational figures



Financial development



Construction projects and pipeline

Under construction	MW ⁽¹⁾	Start (2)	Pipeline	MW ⁽¹⁾
Walney 2	92	2011	Various	~2,500
Lincs	67.5	2012	projects	
London Array	315	2012		
Anholt	200	2013		
Borkum Riffgrund 1	320	2014		
WoDS	194.5	2014		

Note (1): DONG Energy's share of MW Note (2): Commercial start

- EBITDA of DKK 0.8bn in line with H1 10
 - ✓ Higher production and revenue
 - Increased development costs and cost to increase operations
- Gross investments of DKK 4.2bn (DKK 2.0bn) relating primarily to development of UK wind farms
- Transmission asset for Gunfleet Sands transferred to regulator (OFTO) at a price of GBP 49.5m
- Decision to pull out of Norwegian wind project Midtfjellet
- Continued success with partnerships

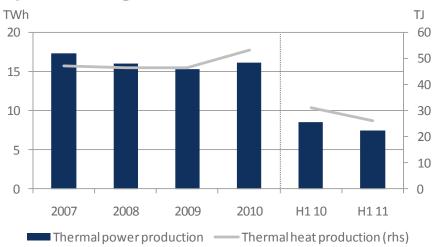


Generation

Solid earnings, roughly in line with H1 10

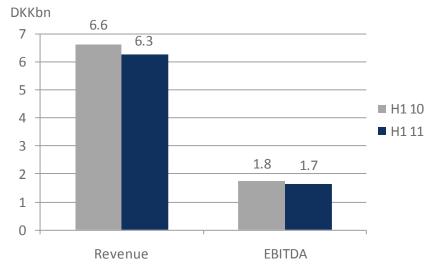


Operational figures





Financial development

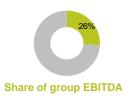


- EBITDA decreased 6% to DKK 1.7bn
 - Positive impact from new gas-fired power stations (Severn and Mongstad)
 - Lower power and heat production (unusually high production in H1 10 from cold and dry weather)
 - ➤ Higher fuel prices (gas and coal)

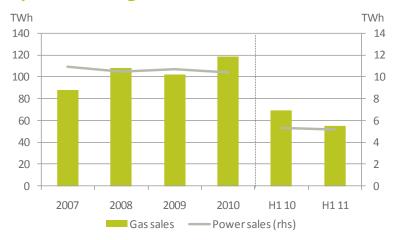


Energy Markets

Positive impact from reduced oil and gas spread



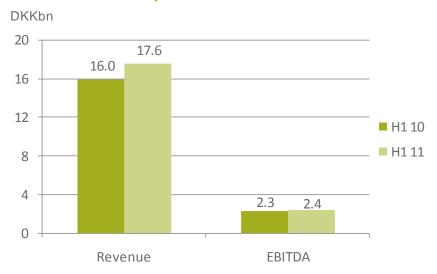
Operational figures



Gas sourcing – contracts from DUC partners Historically, DONG Energy has sourced the majority of

- Historically, DONG Energy has sourced the majority of its external gas from DUC partners (APM, Shell and Chevron) – e.g. 85% in external gas sourced in 2010
- Supplies from these contracts are expected to diminish significantly in the years ahead due to dwindling reserves
- DUC volumes will be replaced by own gas production, long-term purchase contracts with international suppliers, LNG supply agreement and purchases on gas hubs

Financial development

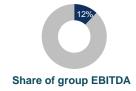


- EBITDA of DKK 2.4bn in line with H1 10
 - ✓ Reduced oil/gas spread
 - ✓ One time effect from renegotiation of gas contracts
 - Positive effect from trading activities
 - Fixed-price gas sales at lower market prices than in H1 11
 - Lower gas sales vs. H1 10, which was characterised by extraordinary cold weather



Sales & Distribution

Stable earnings

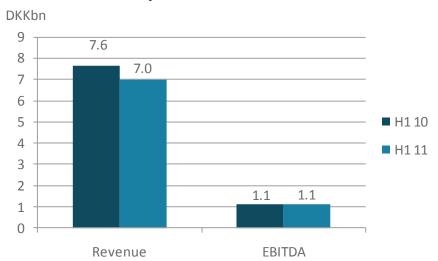


Operational figures

		H1 11	H1 10
Gas sales	TWh	11.4	13.8
Distribution of gas	TWh	5.9	6.3
Power sales	TWh	3.9	4.2
Distribution of power	TWh	4.5	4.6
Transport of oil	Mbbl	36	40



Financial development



- EBITDA of DKK 1.1bn in line with H1 10
 - √ Positive impact from lower cost level
 - Reduced gas sales from increased competition on the Danish market



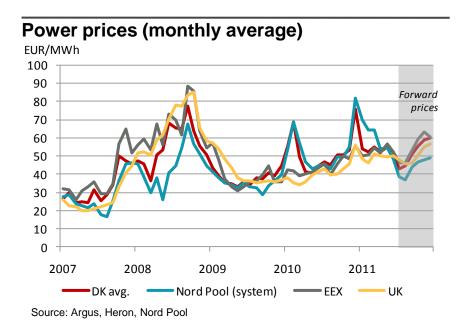
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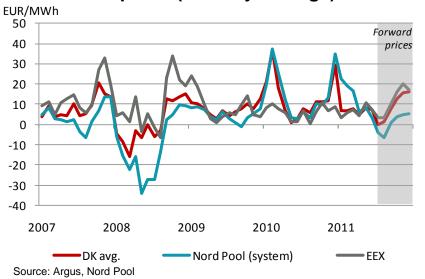




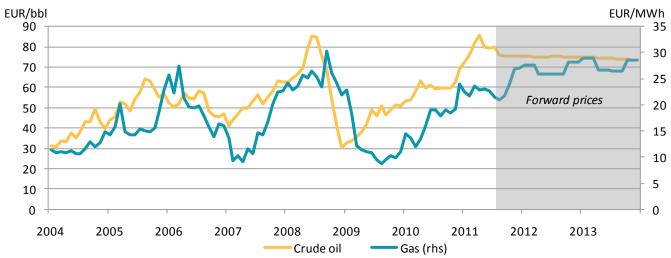
Market prices



Green Dark Spread (monthly average)



Oil and gas prices (monthly average)





Source: Platts and Argus

Selected Financial Figures

Business Performance

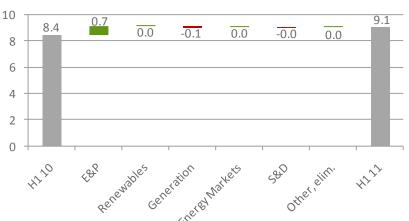
DKK million	H1 11	H1 10	FY 2010
Revenue	29,342	28,439	54,616
EBITDA	9,073	8,405	14,136
Profit after tax	2,771	3,540	4,498
Assets	140,496	128,663	137,339
Equity incl. hybrid	51,023	47,735	51,308
Net debt	23,592	26,313	22,139
FFO	6,388	6,005	12,330
CFO	6,846	6,387	14,214
Adjusted net debt ¹ /CFO ²	1.8	3.9	1.8
FFO ² /Net debt	49%	30%	56%

Note (1): Net interest-bearing debt plus 50% of outstanding hybrid capital due 3005 and 0% of hybrid capital due 3010

Note (2): Last 12 months

EBITDA development

DKKbn

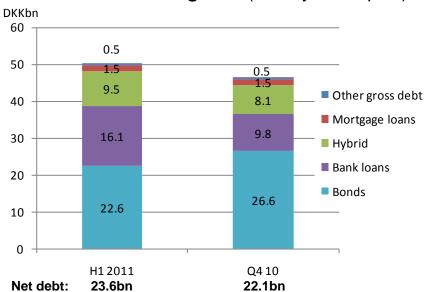


- **EBITDA** increased to DKK 9.1bn (up 8% y/y):
 - √ Higher energy prices
 - √ Renegotiation of gas contracts
 - ✓ Lower spread between oil and gas prices
 - Lower heat production
 - ✗ Higher capacity costs due to increased activities
- Net result down 22% to DKK 2.8bn
 - Impairment charge of offshore gas pipes (DKK 0.6bn)
 - Higher depreciation from new assets coming on stream
 - Gain from sale of Oil Terminals not yet realised (DKK 2.4bn)
- Net debt at DKK 23.6bn (up 7% vs. year end 2010)
 - Increase partly explained by dividend and hybrid coupon payments in Q2 2011
- Strong credit metrics maintained
 - Adjusted net debt to CFO at 1.8x (1.8x at year end 2010)



Debt overview

Gross interest-bearing debt (incl. hybrid capital)



H1 11	Q4 10
83%	90%
6.5	5.5
9.8	9.1
3.6%	4.7%
_	3.6%

Note (1): Weighted average of loans until matured Note (2): Calculated excluding hybrid capital

DKKbn	H1 11	Q4 10
Liquid assets	9.6	11.7
Committed borrowing facilities	8.6	12.6
Liquid reserves in total	18.2	24.3

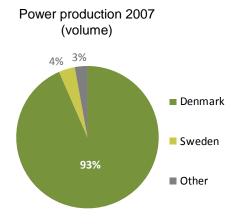
Long term debt maturity schedule at June 30, 2011 (excluding hybrid capital)

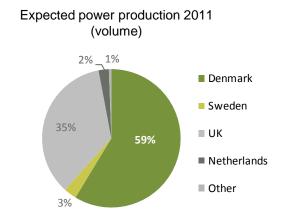


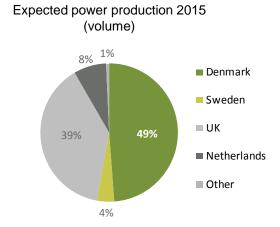


Continued diversification and stability of the power production

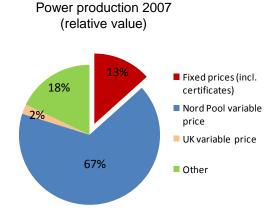
Increasing geographic diversification

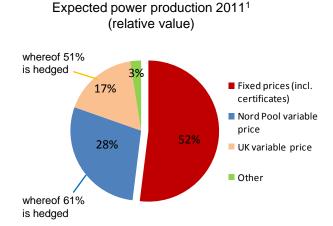






Reducing market price risk





(relative value)

0%

Fixed prices (incl. certificates)

Nord Pool variable price

UK variable Price

Other

Expected power production 2015

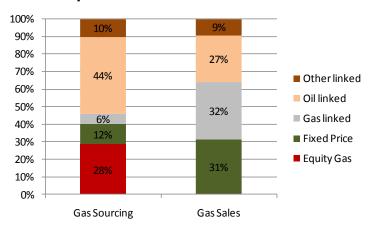


Note (1): As of end 2010

Actively addressing challenges on the gas market continues

Indexation of gas contracts

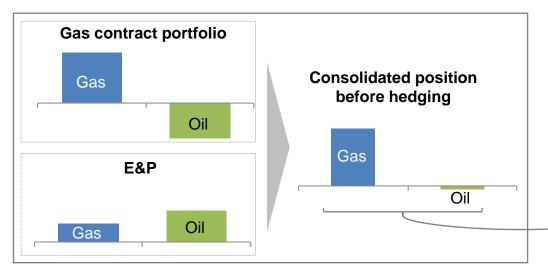
Expected volumes 2011-2012

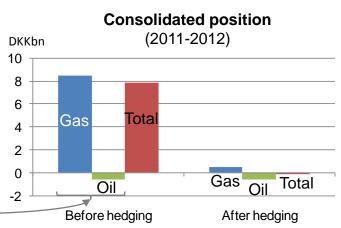


De-link between oil and gas prices

- Poses challenges for wholesalers of gas
- Also impacting DONG Energy, though significantly mitigated through:
 - Own gas production 30% equity gas target
 - Own oil production mitigating oil indexed gas sourcing
 - Utilising flexibility options incl. gas storage capacity
 - Re-negotiation of long-term gas contracts
 - Active hedging programme

Market risks - Oil and Gas in 2011 and 2012







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Outlook and Targets

Outlook:

EBITDA in 2011 is expected to be in line with 2010

- Expected lower EBITDA in H2 11 than H1 11 explained by:
 - H1 11 positively affected by renegotiation of gas contracts
 - H1 11 positively affected by cold and dry winter
 - H2 11 negatively affected by repair of Siri platform (costs of around DKK 1bn expected to occur in H2 11)
 - H2 11 normally negatively affected by warmer weather than H1 11

Target:

Double EBITDA from 2009 to 2015 (i.e. double to DKK 17.7bn)

Net investments

EBITDA

Outlook: DKK 40bn for 2011-2013

Capital structure

Target:

- Adjusted net debt not to exceed three times cash flow from operations
- Minimum rating of BBB+/Baa1









Outlook Market Prices

Commodity prices

	Current	Assumption	Realised H1
Selected market prices	assumption 2011	2011, Annual	2011
	(rest of year)	Report 2010	
Oil, Brent (USD/bbl)	114	95	111
Gas, TTF (EUR/MWh)	25	24	23
Power, Nord Pool system (EUR/MWh)	56	55	59
Power, Nord Pool DK (avg.) (EUR/MWh)	59	53	53
Power, UK (EUR/MWh)	56	59	57
Coal, API 2 (USD/t)	128	122	124
CO ₂ emissions allowances (EUR/t)	17	14	16
Green Dark Spread, DK (avg.) (EUR/MWh)	11	7	7
GBP (DKK/GBP)	8.5	8.7	8.6
US Dollar, (DKK/USD)	5.3	5.6	5.3













Business Performance – three column Income Statement

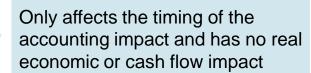
Purpose: Increase transparency and better reflect the underlying actual performance

Cease to apply hedge accounting

MtM movements from hedges and some physical deliveries will be accounted for directly in P/L

This increases volatility in the IFRS result

Criteria for the own use exemption in IFRS no longer met



A three column Income
Statement is introduced splitting
the IFRS result into two buckets:





The result related to the actual reporting period – i.e. the value creation for the period

Adjustments

MtM movements not attributable to the period's result

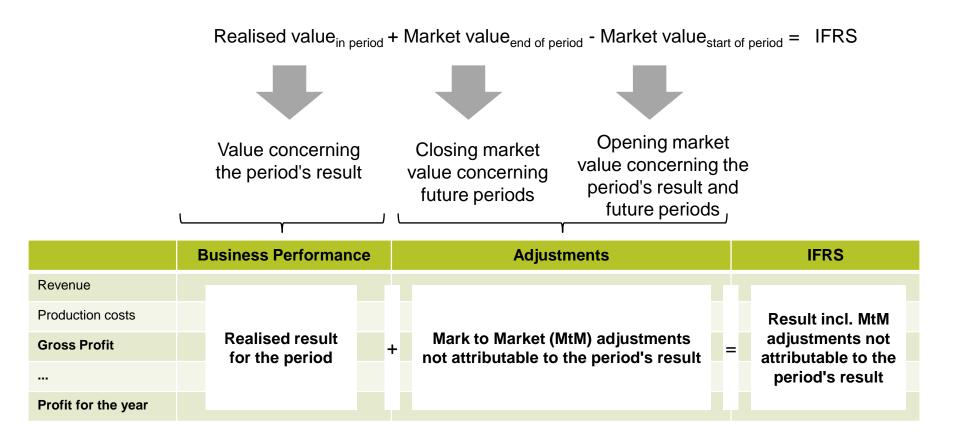
Implemented as of 1 January 2011

- The new presentation of the Income Statement is in full compliance with IFRS presentation rules
- As the new presentation follows IFRS presentation rules it is audited by external auditors in line with the rest of the financial report



Business Performance – the methodology

 The Business Performance result shows the result related to the current reporting period excluding effects from MtM movements not attributable to the period's result





Business Performance – H1 2011

- In H1 2011, the difference between Business Performance and IFRS amounted to DKK 2.8bn
- The difference was primarily related to two effects:

Criteria for the own use exemption in IFRS no longer met



Initial recognition of certain physical fixed-price electricity and gas contracts

Cease to apply hedge accounting



MtM of financial and physical hedging contracts relating to other periods

Business Performance EBITDA	DKK 9.1bn
Adjustments	DKK -2.8bn
Initial recognition of certain fixed-price physical electricity and gas contracts	DKK -1.8bn
MtM of financial and physical hedging contracts relating to other periods	DKK -1.1bn
Deferred losses/gains relating to financial and physical hedging contracts where the hedged production or trading is recognised in the reporting period	DKK 0.1bn
IFRS EBITDA	DKK 6.3bn



Dividend, Funding and Rating

Long term capital structure target

- Maintain a minimum rating of BBB+ / Baa1
- Adjusted net interest-bearing debt ⁽¹⁾ not to exceed three times cash flows from operating activities

Funding strategy and Debt Programmes

- External funding primarily to be carried out through parent company – to avoid structural subordination
- EMTN programme with a total amount of EUR 5bn

Dividend policy

- The payout ratio⁽²⁾ is not to exceed 60% and not to be below 40% of net profit after tax
- Distributed DKK 7.5 per share in 2011. The annual dividend is to increase by DKK 0.25 per share (DKK 73m) in the subsequent years.

Credit ratings

	Standard & Poor's	Moody's	
Corporate	A-	Baa1	
Senior bonds	A-	Baa1	
Hybrid capital	BBB and BB+	Baa3	
Outlook	Stable	Stable	
Last Update	June 2011	Nov 2010	

The dividend for 2010, paid in 2011, was DKK
 7.5 per share (DKK 2.2bn)

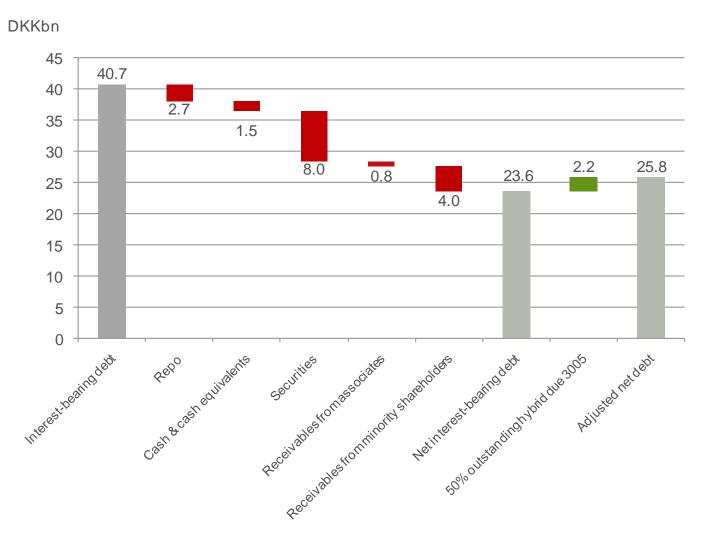
Note (1): Net interest-bearing debt plus 50% of outstanding hybrid capital due 3005

and 0% of hybrid capital due 3010

Note (2): The payout ratio is calculated less coupon after tax to holders of hybrid capital and minority interests' share of profit for the year



Net debt calculation end H1 2011





Investments

Investments in H1 2011						
Cash flow from investing activities	-10.9bn					
Purchase of securities (add back)	3.1bn					
Transactions with non-controlling interests	0.3bn					
Loans to jointly controlled entities (add back)	0.3bn					
Net investments ¹	-7.2bn					
Transactions with non-controlling interests	-0.3bn					
Gross investments	-7.5bn					

Note (1): Net investments are defined as the effect on DONG Energy's net debt from investments and acquisitions and disposals of enterprises

Main gross investments in H1 2011

Wind activities: DKK 4.2bn DKK 1.8bn London Array: Walney: DKK 1.5bn Lincs: DKK 0.4bn Gas and oil fields: DKK 2.5bn DKK 0.5bn

Laggan-Tormore

Trym: DKK 0.4bn

Oselvar: DKK 0.4bn

Ormen Lange: DKK 0.2bn

Thermal activities: DKK 0.3bn

Enecogen DKK 0.2bn

DKK 0.5bn Other:



Larger decided construction projects

Larger projects with commercial production start in 2011-2014									
Project	Type of project	Country	MW ⁽¹⁾	Commercial start	Own share of project	Announced capex ⁽²⁾	Spent capex ⁽²⁾		
Trym	Oil/gas field	NO	n.a.	2011 🗸	50%	DKK 1.2bn	DKK 1.2bn		
Walney 1+2 ⁽³⁾	Offshore wind farm	UK	184MW	2011(4)	50.1%	DKK 4.2bn	DKK 2.2bn		
Enecogen	Gas fired power station	NL	435MW	2011	50%	DKK 2.5bn	DKK 2.2bn		
Oselvar	Oil/Gas field	NO	n.a.	2012	55%	DKK 2.3bn	DKK 1.3bn		
Lincs ⁽³⁾	Offshore wind farm	UK	67.5MW	2012	25%	DKK 1.5bn	DKK 0.3bn		
London Array ⁽³⁾	Offshore wind farm	UK	315MW	2012	50%	DKK 8.2bn	DKK 2.6bn		
Marulk	Oil/gas field	NO	n.a.	2012	30%	DKK 1.1bn	DKK 0.4bn		
Sea Installer	Installation vessel	n.a.	n.a.	2012	50%	USD 70m	USD 35m		
Syd Arne phase 3	Oil/gas field	DK	n.a.	2013	34%	DKK 2.5bn	DKK 0.1bn		
Anholt	Offshore wind farm	DK	200MW	2013	50%	DKK 5bn	DKK 0.2bn		
Laggan-Tormore	Oil/gas field	UK	n.a.	2014	20%	DKK 4.3bn	DKK 1.0bn		
Borkum Riffgrund 1	Offshore wind farm	DE	320MW	2014	100%	EUR 1.25bn	EUR 8m		
West of Duddon Sands ⁽³⁾	Offshore wind farm	UK	194.5MW	2014	50%	DKK 7bn	DKK 0.1bn		

Note (1): DONG Energy's share of MW.

Note (2): DONG Energy's share of capex as at 30 June 2011

Note (3): Expected proceeds from sale of transmission assets subtracted from capex

Note (4): Only Walney 1 is operating as at 30 June 2011

